Côte d'Ivoire



REGION: SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

Also included in this region: Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania

PART I: ENROLMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS

Côte-d'Ivoire's HE system largely follows the French model. Just under 50% of HE students were enrolled in comprehensive universities in 2018 with most of the remainder attending hybrid institutions. The country's classification under the French model relates to these institutions having names that correspond to specialised institutions in France, as well as some HE delivery in secondary schools. Enrolments were relatively flat between 2006 and 2010. Then they fell substantially – particularly in public universities – during the period of internal strife in 2011 and 2012, before rising substantially thereafter. Overall, enrolments rose by about 60% between 2006 and 2018, which was well below the averages across the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the Global South. The number of HEIs increased even faster than enrolments, such that average institution-size fell modestly. Just over 60% of students attended public providers in 2018, which was below the average in the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa.

TABLE 1 – Types of higher education providers

CATEGORY	INSTITUTIONS	INSTITUTIONS COUNT IN 2018		
		PUB.	PRIV.	TOTAL
Comprehensive universities	Universities	7	33	40
Specialised Universities	Institut national polytechnique Felix Houphouët-Boigny, and the École normale supérieure	2	0	2
Hybrids	Grandes écoles	27	226	253
Secondary Schools	Secondary enrol- ments in the brévet de technicien supérieur and the Certificat d'aptitude professionnel	NA	NA	NA

FIGURE 1 — Numbers of institutions by type, 2006-2018

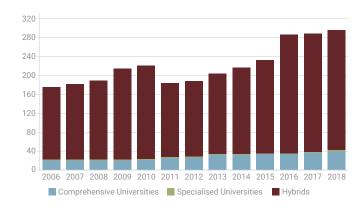


FIGURE 2 — Total enrolments with public and private higher education providers, 2006-2018 (Millions)



FIGURE 3 — Changes in enrolment, in Côte-d'Ivoire, the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the rest of the Global South, 2006-2018

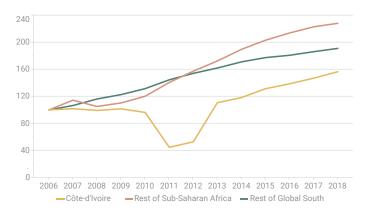


FIGURE 4 — Share of enrolments by institution type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa, 2006 and 2018 (2006=100)

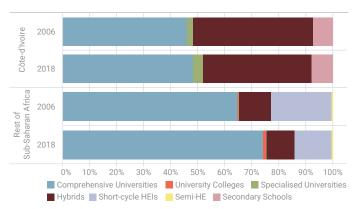


FIGURE 5 — Share of enrolments in public and private institutions, by institution type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa, 2018

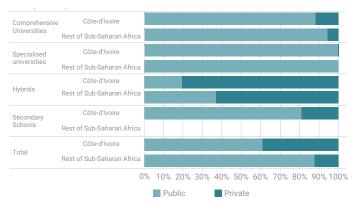
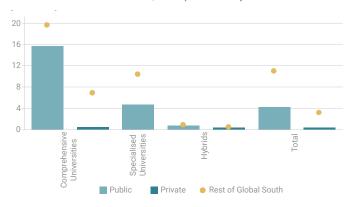


FIGURE 6 — Average institution-size by institution type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the Global South, 2018 (Thousands)



PART II: HIGHER EDUCATION FINANCING

Between 2006 and 2018, public spending on HE in Côte-d'Ivoire doubled. This pace of growth was slightly below the average across the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the Global South. Transfers to public institutions grew slightly more, exceeding the pace of enrolment growth such that per-student transfers rose from under USD 3,000 in 2006 to over USD 4,000 in 2018. Total institutional spending at private HEIs stayed relatively constant from 2006 to 2018. Relative to GDP, public expenditures on HE nearly doubled form 0.55% in 2006 to 1.05% in 2018, with this latter level still far below the averages in the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the Global South.

FIGURE 7 — Change in real total public spending on higher education in Côte-d'Ivoire, the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the rest of the Global South, 2006-2018 (2006=100)

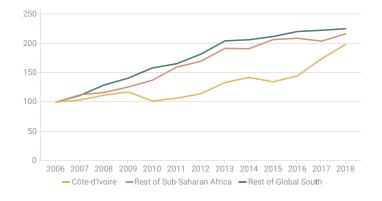


FIGURE 8 — Total public spending on higher education relative to GDP in Côte-d'Ivoire, the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the rest of the Global South, 2006-2018



FIGURE 9 — Change in real government transfers to public institutions by institution-type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the Global South, 2006-2018 (2006=100)

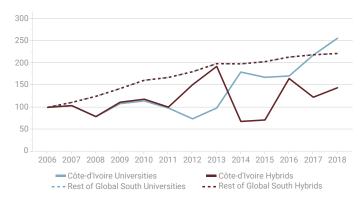


FIGURE 11 — Government transfers relative to total institutional spending of public institutions by institution-type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the Global South, 2006 and 2018

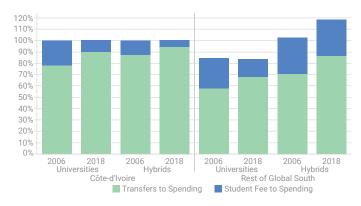


FIGURE 13 — Per-student total institutional spending of private institutions by institution-type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the world, 2006-2018

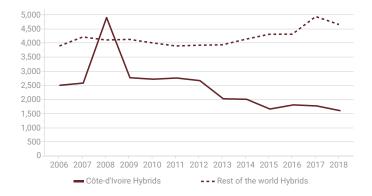


FIGURE 10 — Per-student government transfers to public institutions by institution-type in real PPP, in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the Global South, 2006-2018

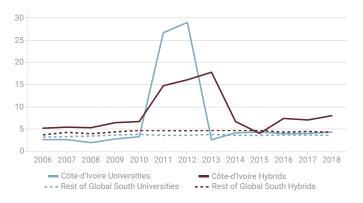


FIGURE 12 — Change in real total institutional spending of private institutions by institution-type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the world, 2006-2018 (2006=100)

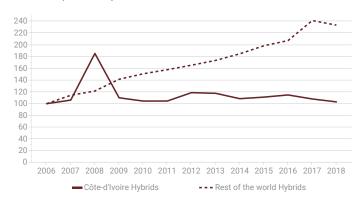
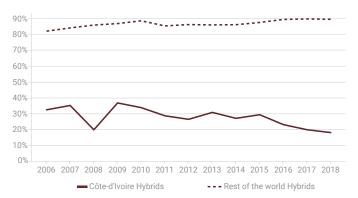


FIGURE 14 — Student fee revenues relative to total institutional spending of private institutions by institution-type in Côte-d'Ivoire and the rest of the world, 2006-2018



PART III: STUDENT FEES

All students in Côte-d'Ivoire pay some kind of compulsory fees under an undifferentiated regime. Fee revenues per student decreased substantially in both the public and private sectors from 2006 to 2018, although even more so amongst private hybrids than amongst public universities. Public universities were slightly more expensive in 2018 than private hybrids.

FIGURE 15 — Fee revenues per student paying typical rates at public institutions by institution type in PPP, 2006-2018

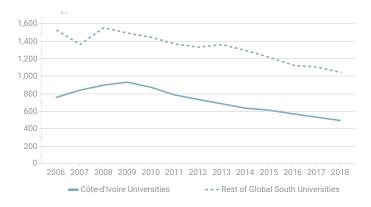
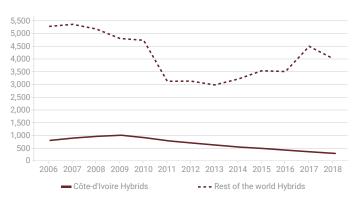


FIGURE 16 — Fee revenues per student at private institutions by institution type in PPP, 2006-2018



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PART IV: STUDENT FINANCIAL AID

Côte-d'Ivoire has an Oeuvres Universitaires model of government student financial aid. The subsidised residence-space scheme covered about 6% of the student body in 2018. Grants were more important, but still reached only 15% of the student body in 2018 – up somewhat from roughly 11% in 2006. Student financial aid disbursements were equal to 0.08% of GDP in 2018, less than half the average across the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa as well as below the average for the rest of the Global South.

TABLE 2 — Student financial aid regime, including recipients and amounts disbursed in 2018

CATEGORY	PROGRAMS	BASIS OF ALLOCATION	RECIPIENTS	AMOUNTS DISBURSED (USD)
Grants	Bourses and secours universitaires	Merit and need based	38,000	72,280,949
Residence spaces	Oeuvres universitaires model	ND	16,613	ND
Other	Health and meal support	ND	ND	ND

FIGURE 17 — Total disbursements to students in financial aid relative to gross domestic product, in Côte-d'Ivoire, the rest of Sub-Saharan Africa and the rest of the Global South, 2006-2018

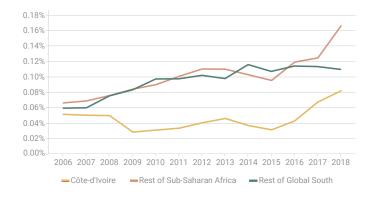


FIGURE 18 — Change in amounts disbursed to students by form of financial aid in Côte-d'Ivoire and other Global South countries that offer financial aid of this type, 2006-2018 (2006=100)

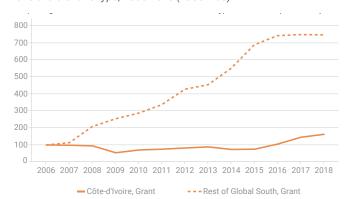


FIGURE 19 — Share of higher education students receiving student financial aid by type in Côte-d'Ivoire and other Global South countries that offer financial aid of this type, 2006-2018

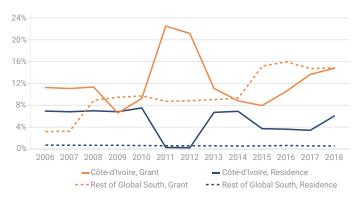
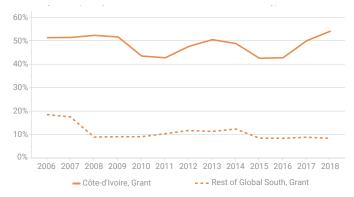


FIGURE 20 — Financial aid per recipient relative to GDP per capita by form of financial aid in Côte-d'Ivoire and other Global South countries that offer financial aid of this type, 2006-2018



^{*}Note: For more on methodology and data quality please see Appendices A and B.